



## Englisch

Dauer: 75 Minuten

Name: .....

Geburtsdatum: .....

Korrigiert von: .....

Punkteverteilung/Note:	Teil A Grammatik und Wortschatz	38 Punkte
	Teil B Textverständnis	20 Punkte
	Teil C Textproduktion	24 Punkte
	Teil D Hörverständnis	18 Punkte

Maximale Punktzahl	100 Punkte
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Erreichte Punktzahl	.....
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<b>Note</b>	.....
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**Es sind keine Hilfsmittel erlaubt!**



## A Grammatik und Wortschatz

..... / 38

### I. Fill in the correct translation of the German phrases.

..... / 8

#### 1. so stark wie

Peter surely is ..... Mike.

#### 2. wegen des Regens

We had to cancel our party .....

#### 3. glauben nicht an

I am sure that my neighbours .....ghosts.

#### 4. der bequemste Stuhl

Over there you can see ..... in our living room.

### II. Write complete follow-up questions.

..... /10

Example: A: I couldn't come to the meeting. (Why?)  
B: Why couldn't you come to the meeting?

1. A: Pete was listening to music. (what sort?)

B:

.....

2. A: I never do my homework. (why?)

B:

.....

3. A: He has already met her. (where?)

B:

.....

4. A: She bought some very nice flowers. (where?)

B:

.....

5. A: Keira really must be on time. (why?)

B:

.....



**III. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. Use *present simple, present continuous, present perfect, past simple, past continuous, will-future or going to*. ...../10**

1. I ..... (meet) him last Monday.
2. He always ..... (go) to the supermarket alone, but today he ..... (take) his son with him.
3. Herbert's father ..... (work) for this company for 30 years.
4. I promise that I ..... (not tell) this secret to anyone.
5. They ..... (live) in an apartment right now because they can't find a cheap house.
6. My brother is engaged. He ..... (get) married in June.
7. When I got up I ..... (look) out of the window and ..... (see) that it ..... (rain).

**IV. Finish the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. The second sentence is started for you. Write the missing words only. .... /10**

1. We don't know very much about the deep oceans.  
**We know very** .....
2. A train ticket costs more than a bus ticket.  
**A bus ticket doesn't cost** .....
3. The hospital is near the city centre.  
**The hospital is not** .....
4. First-class sports equipment is often very expensive.  
**You often need to spend** ..... to buy first-class sports equipment.
5. Susan is a really good swimmer.  
**Susan swims** .....



## B Textverständnis

..... / 20

### I. Read the text and circle the correct answer.

..... / 5

#### Are the British Different?

There is really little doubt that the British are different from other members of the European community as some recent statistics demonstrate.

Take marriage for instance. Nowhere else in Europe – except for Portugal – are there fewer marriages, proportionally speaking. Yet Britain has the highest divorce rate – almost half of all marriages break up. Italian couples are six times more likely to stick together. Of those who divorce, British men seem far more willing to take another chance than divorced women.

However, Britain does pretty well in other areas. It is the second safest place in Europe to drive a car, beaten only by Norway. There are many more fatal road accidents in France, Spain and Portugal. Also, the reputation the British have for being work-shy is not confirmed by statistics. At an average of forty-four hours a week we beat even the hard-working Germans by four hours. Unfortunately, there is a downside to this. Britain and Holland share the worst rates of job absenteeism in the whole of Europe. The Dutch and the British, so alike in many senses, differ clearly in one area: we lock up twice as many people as they do.

1. Which country seems to have the most secure marriages?  
**A** Italy  
**B** Portugal  
**C** Britain
2. Divorced men in Britain  
**A** usually get married again.  
**B** are more likely to marry again than divorced women.  
**C** generally re-marry women who have not already been married.
3. Which of these countries has the worst road accident record?  
**A** France  
**B** Norway  
**C** Britain
4. Which of these statements is true?  
**A** Britain is tougher on criminals than Holland.  
**B** Britain has Europe's best road safety record.  
**C** British people work fewer hours than the Germans.
5. Which people appear to be the most conscientious workers?  
**A** The Dutch  
**B** The Germans  
**C** The British

### II. Find words or phrases in the text to fit these descriptions.

..... / 5

- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| resulting in death (adjective)                 | ..... |
| lazy (adjective)                               | ..... |
| staying away from work (noun)                  | ..... |
| support and help each other (verb+preposition) | ..... |
| to send to prison (verb+preposition)           | ..... |



**III. Read the text and decide if the statements 1-9 below are true (T) or false (F).  
..... /10**

**How to Save Petrol and the Environment**

We are all aware of the need to protect the environment but sometimes it is difficult for us to do the right thing. For example, if you are a motorist the convenience of jumping in the car to go somewhere is balanced against the knowledge of how harmful each journey can be. But did you know that making a few simple changes to your driving habits will not only do less damage to our world but will also save you money and could even be good for your health?

**Do you really need to take the car?**

Try making more use of public transport. If the service is frequent and reliable, you will soon get used to using buses and trains. In fact, for shorter journeys, why not take the opportunity to get into shape and go on foot?

**Share the journey**

How often do you see cars with just one occupant with the driver making the same journey as others living nearby? Why not car share and half the cost of the journey? There are several websites where people can swap details and make arrangements to meet up.

**Change your habits**

When you must use the car, plan your journey so you can go to all the places you need to visit rather taking the car out again and again. If you get caught in a traffic jam, switch off the engine when you are stationary for a long time. Try not to brake too sharply or accelerate too quickly as this will lead to you using up more fuel. On cold mornings, do not warm up the engine before you start your journey and when you next put fuel in your car, think about whether you really need to fill up the tank. All that extra weight will put more pressure on the engine.

**Servicing**

Make sure you carry out basic maintenance like checking the tyre pressure regularly. Finally, keep your car regularly serviced so that it runs as efficiently as possible.

Steps like this will save you money and help you do your bit to protect the environment.

	True / False
1. Drivers don't care about the environment.	
2. Changing the way you drive has more than one benefit.	
3. The service on public transport is always good.	
4. You should walk when going somewhere nearby.	
5. If you travel with someone else, it will save you money.	
6. Avoid sharing personal details on the Internet.	
7. Try to make one journey rather than lots of short ones.	
8. Braking quickly is the safest way to drive.	
9. Don't leave the car running before you start a journey.	
10. Filling the car with fuel will save you money.	



## C Textproduktion

..... / 24

Look at these pictures and tell the story. Write your story in the past tense and use about 100 - 140 words.

Give a title to the story.

Count your words and write the number of words at the end of your text.



.....NUR für KORREKTUR !!.....

A	organisation, cohesion	4	3	2	1	0
B	lexical range/accuracy	4	3	2	1	0
C	grammatical range/accuracy	4	3	2	1	0
D	overall effect / ideas	4	3	2	1	0
E	task achievement	4	3	2	1	0
F	length			2	1	0
G	title			2	1	0

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Number of words: \_\_\_\_\_



**D Hörverständnis**

**..... / 18**

**I. You will hear people talking in eight different situations. For questions 1-8, choose the best answer (A, B or C).**

**..... / 8**

**1. You hear a man talking about text messages.  
How many young people would rather (=eher) text a message than call?**

about 25%

**A**

about 14%

**B**

about 75%

**C**

**2. You hear the start of a radio programme about cars.  
Who is the guest on this programme?**

a car designer

**A**

an author

**B**

a historian (=Historiker)

**C**

**3. You hear a business woman talking to her assistant.  
What does she want him to do?**

send a fax

**A**

make phone call

**B**

send an email

**C**

**4. You hear two friends remembering an evening out.  
Where did they go?**

to the cinema

**A**

to the theatre

**B**

to a party

**C**





- 5. You hear a man talking about his family.  
What was his aunt's profession?**

doctor

**A**

lawyer (=Anwalt)

**B**

actress

**C**

- 6. You hear a brother and sister talking about Christmas.  
What present have they bought for their mother?**

a book

**A**

a handbag

**B**

a painting

**C**

- 7. You hear an announcement in a multiplex cinema.  
Which screen is showing the film "Racing Fever"?**

screen 3

**A**

screen 5

**B**

screen 6

**C**

- 8. You hear a woman remembering a magazine she used to read (=often read)  
as a teenager.  
What did she like most about it?**

the fashion tips

**A**

the interview with pop stars

**B**

the stories

**C**



**II. On a travel programme, you will hear a man, Jeremy Clark, reporting from Mapé, a tropical island where people go on holiday. For questions 9-18, complete the sentences.**  
**..... / 10**

Jeremy has spent a \_\_\_\_\_ **9** on the holiday island of Mapé, and he'd like to stay longer.

Most tourists arrive at Mapé in what's called a \_\_\_\_\_ **10** which connects it to another island.

On one side of Jeremy's hotel there is the beach; on the other there is a \_\_\_\_\_ **11**.

The best thing about Port Mapé is the wonderful \_\_\_\_\_ **12** which is held in the evening.

Jeremy travelled around the island on a \_\_\_\_\_ **13** which is hired.

The northern part of the island has both beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ **14** and frightening roads.

Jeremy was particularly impressed by the \_\_\_\_\_ **15** on the fish he saw from the beach.

In a bay near Jeremy's hotel, it's possible to do windsurfing and \_\_\_\_\_ **16**, but not other sports.

Jeremy describes the locally produced food as both \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ **17**.

Jeremy mentions \_\_\_\_\_ **18** as a type of food unavailable on the island.